The webinar, "Enriching the CLSA with environmental exposure data: The Canadian Urban Health Research Consortium (CANUE)," will begin shortly.

For first-time WebEx users:

- This webinar will use VoIP only. Upon entering the session, you will be asked to join an integrated voice conference. Please select "yes". If you are not prompted with this message, please go to the main toolbar and select Audio>Integrated Audio Conference>Start Conference. If you continue to have audio issues, please go to Audio>Speaker/Microphone Audio Test.
- The only people in the session who can speak and be heard are the host and panelists.
- If you have questions/comments, you can type them into the chat box in the bottom right of the WebEx window. Ensure "All Participants" is selected from the dropdown menu before you press "send." Mobile users must select "Chat with Everyone." Questions will be visible to all attendees. You can type your questions at any point during the session, but they won't be answered until the end of the presentation.
- At the conclusion of the webinar, please consider participating in our feedback poll and remember to exit the WebEx session.

CLSA Webinar Series

Enriching the CLSA with environmental exposure data: The Canadian Urban Health Research Consortium (CANUE)

Dr. Jeffrey Brook, Dr. Eleanor Setton and Dany Doiron



Noon to 1 p.m. ET October 23, 2018

The Canadian Urban Environmental Health Research Consortium (CANUE) is a CIHR-funded initiative, which collates and develops standardized urban environmental exposure data and links them to health databases to support environmental health research in Canada. CLSA and CANUE have collaborated to link data on air quality, neighbourhood factors, weather and climate, and greenness indicators to CLSA data on health and aging. The linked data, now available to Canadian researchers, includes estimated exposures of sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, ozone and fine particulate matter, as well as information about nighttime light, normalized difference vegetation index (i.e. greenness), health-relevant climate and weather measures, material and social deprivation indices and the Canadian Active Living Environments (i.e. walkability) index. This webinar will give an overview of CANUE and of pre-linked environmental exposure data currently available to researchers through the CLSA. The webinar will also touch on methods for expanding the breadth and quality of environmental exposures available to the CLSA and other Canadian cohorts.

In collaborating with the CLSA, CANUE ultimately aims to enable research on how environmental factors affect the ways in which Canadians age and help better inform evidence-based strategies for planning healthy and age-friendly communities and cities across Canada.

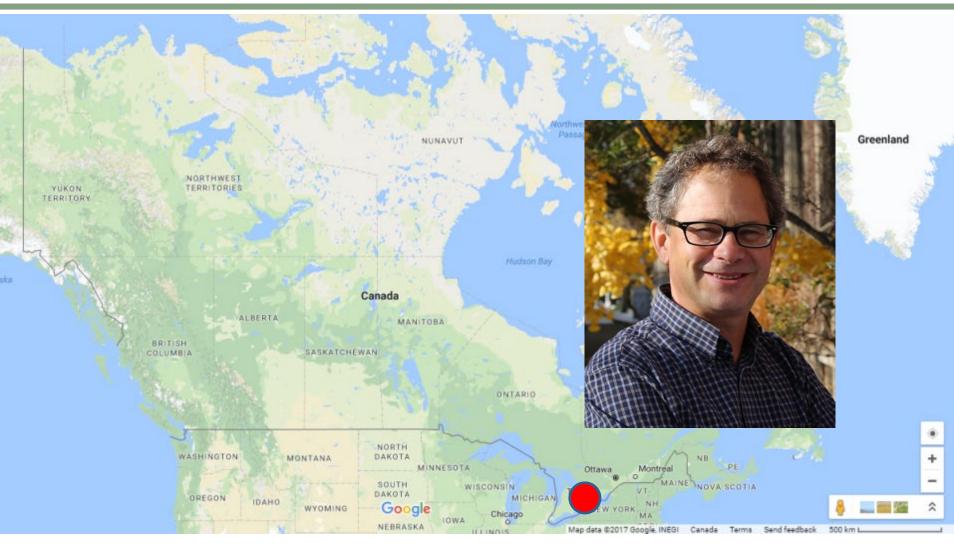


Enriching the CLSA with environmental exposure data: the Canadian Urban Environmental Health Research Consortium

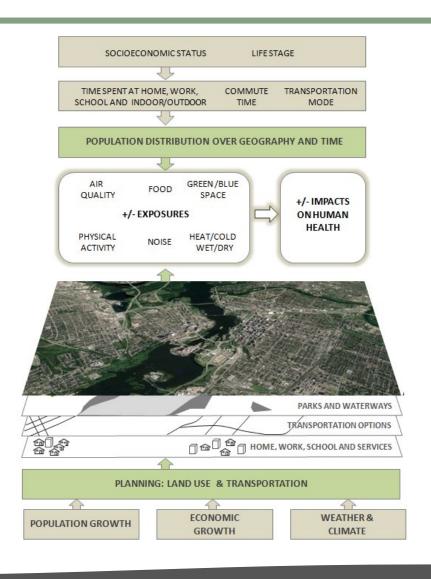
OCTOBER 23 | 2018













1997

ABSTRACT

Objective: Determine the risk of premature mortality due to the urban ambient air pollution mix in Canada.

Methods: The number of daily deaths for non-accidental causes were obtained in 11 cities from 1980 to 1991 and linked to concentrations of ambient gaseous air pollutants The Effect of the Urban Ambient Air Pollution Mix on Daily Mortality Rates in 11 Canadian Cities

Richard T. Burnett, PhD, Sabit Cakmak, PhD, Jeffrey R. Brook, PhD2

152 REVUE CANADIENNE DE SANTÉ PUBLIQUE

VOLUME 89, NO. 3

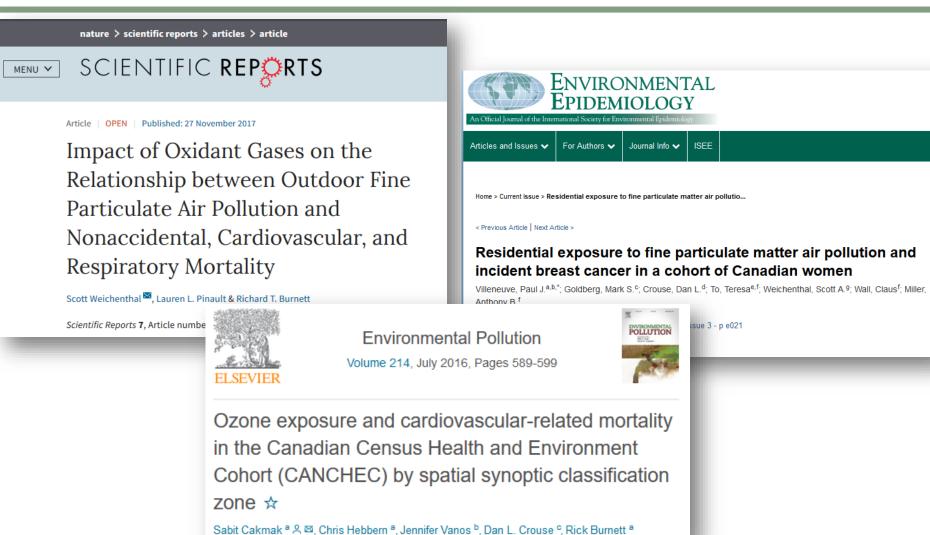


Environ Health Perspect. 2003 Nov; 111(14): 1773–1778. Research Article PMCID: PM

Association between gaseous ambient air pollutants and adverse pregnancy outcomes in Vancouver, Canada.

Shiliang Liu, Daniel Krewski, Yuanli Shi, Yue Chen, and Richard T Burnett









The Lancet Planetary Health

Volume 1, Issue 7, October 2017, Pages e289-e297

open access



Articles

Urban greenness and mortality in Canada's largest

cities: a national cohort study

Dr Dan L Crouse PhD a, b A M, Lauren Pinault PhD c, Adele Balram MI
Paul A Peters PhD b, k, Hong Chen PhD e, f, g, Aaron van Donkelaar Ph
h, i, Richard Ménard PhD j, Alain Robichaud MSc j, Paul J Villeneuve P
ELS



Environmental Research

Volume 137, February 2015, Pages 94-100





Environmental Research

Volume 115, May 2012, Pages 51-58

Urban greenness and physical activity in a national survey of Canadians

Owen McMorris a, Paul J. Villeneuve a A M, Jason Su b, Michael Jerrett b

A cohort study relating urban green space with mortality in Ontario, Canada ☆

Paul J. Villeneuve ^{a, b} A ⊠, Michael Jerrett °, Jason G. Su °, Richard T. Burnett ^a, Hong Chen ^d, Amanda J. Wheeler ^e, Mark S. Goldberg ^f







Med Sci Sports Exerc. Author manuscript; available in PMC 2015 Oct 1.

Published in final edited form as:

Med Sci Sports Exerc. 2014 Oct; 46(10): 1891-1899.

doi: 10.1249/MSS.000000000000325

PMCID: PMC4155032 NIHMSID: NIHMS570741 PMID: 24598696

HEAT WAVES, AGING, AND HUMAN CARDIOVASCULAR HEALTH

W. Larry Kenney, Daniel H. Craighead, and Lacy M. Alexander

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International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health

pp 1-12 | Cite as

Sex differences in mortality after heat waves: are elderly women at higher risk?

Authors Authors and affiliations

Yvette van Steen, Anna-Maria Ntarladima, Rick Grobbee, Derek Karssenberg, Ilonca Vaartjes 🔀



- Subtle, chronic effects on many health outcomes
- May require large populations to get adequate variation across multiple exposures and health outcomes
- Studies tend to focus on one or two co-exposures, but in reality there are many interacting exposures
- Use of 'one-off' exposure metrics, 're-inventing the wheel' for each study





MEASURING ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURES WORKSHOP

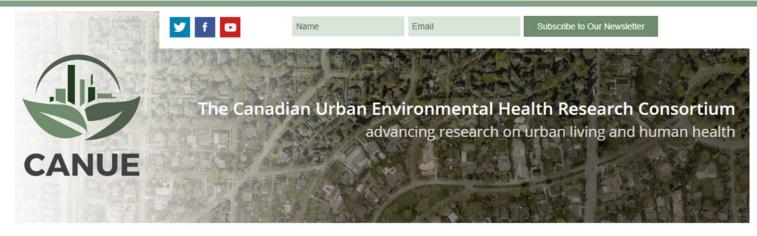
ENVIRONMENT,
GENES AND
CHRONIC DISEASE
NATIONAL
WORKSHOP
2012

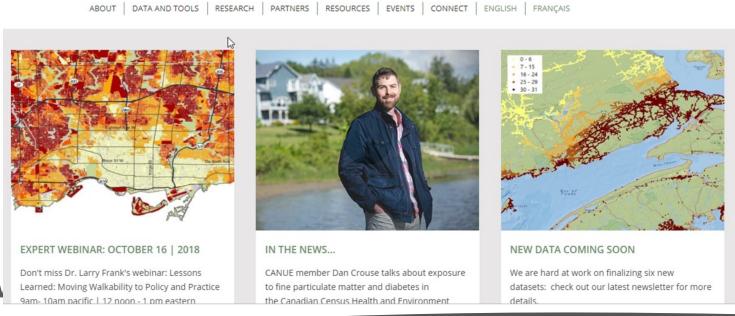
ENVIRONMENTS AND HEALTH NATIONAL FORUM

2013

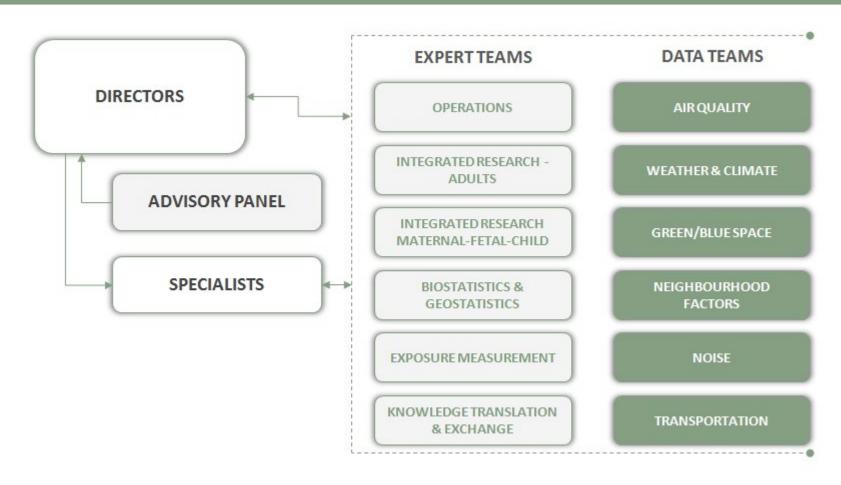
- 2011
- Break down some of the existing silos of research in the environment and health field.
- Tackle the real-world complexity of interacting and ubiquitous environmental influences.
- Build research capacity and supporting data platforms.











Members: ~ 180 additional individuals are voluntary members

CANUE Data Platform – Data Themes



NEIGHBOURHOOD FACTORS GREEN/BLUE SPACES















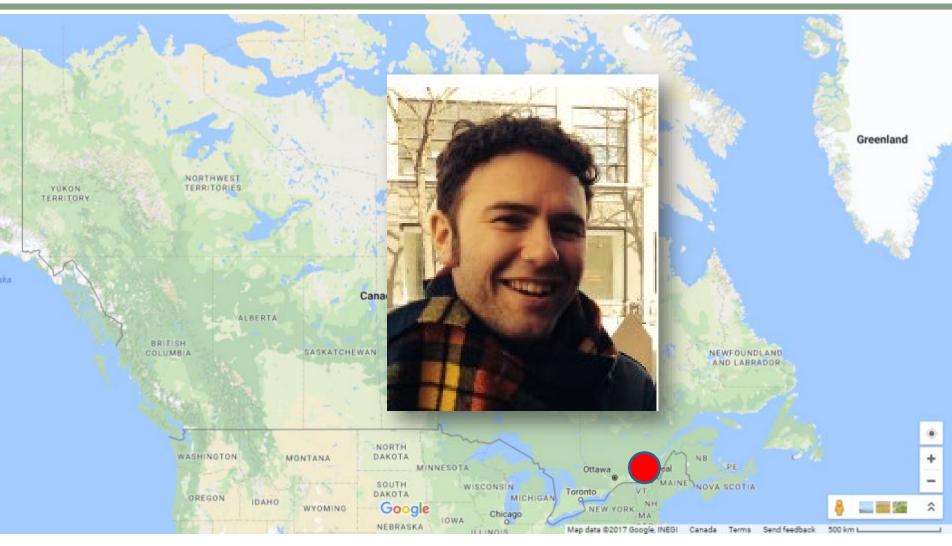
AIR QUALITY

NOISE

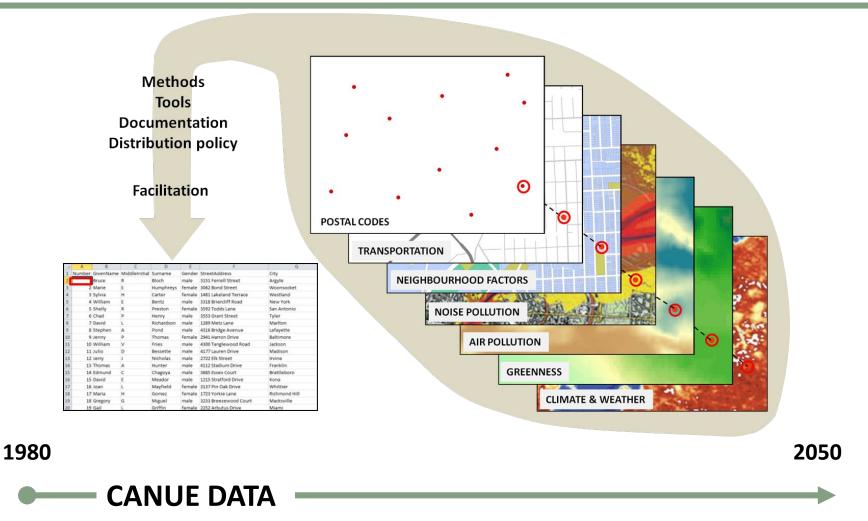
TRANSPORTATION

ANALYSIS-READY EXPOSURE DATA = easy for researchers to access and use

























POSTALCODE06	ALE06_01	ALE06_02	ALE06_03	ALE06_04	ALE06_05	ALE06_06	ALE06_07
T0A0A0	48130314	0.60000002	0.5	-1.2326522	-0.7681431	-2.0007954	1
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T0A1A0	48120216	16.299999	77.099998	-0.4780921	-0.7003341	-1.1784263	1
TOA1B0	48130182	0	0.40000001	-1.2614889	-0.7682316	-2.0297205	1
T0A1C0	48120173	0	0.40000001	-1.2614889	-0.7682316	-2.0297205	1
TOA1E0	48120242	0.60000002	0.69999999	-1.2326522	-0.767966	-2.0006182	1
T0A1H0	48120174	0.60000002	2.0999999	-1.2326522	-0.7667267	-1.9993789	1
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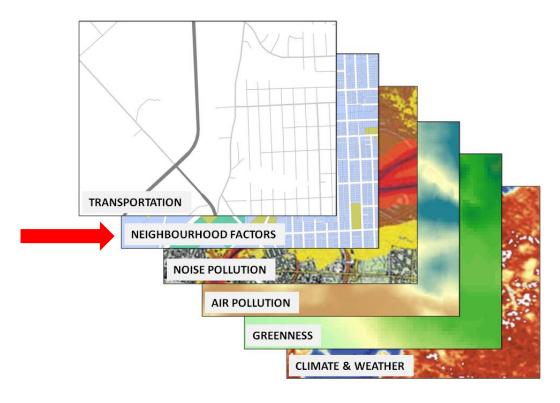








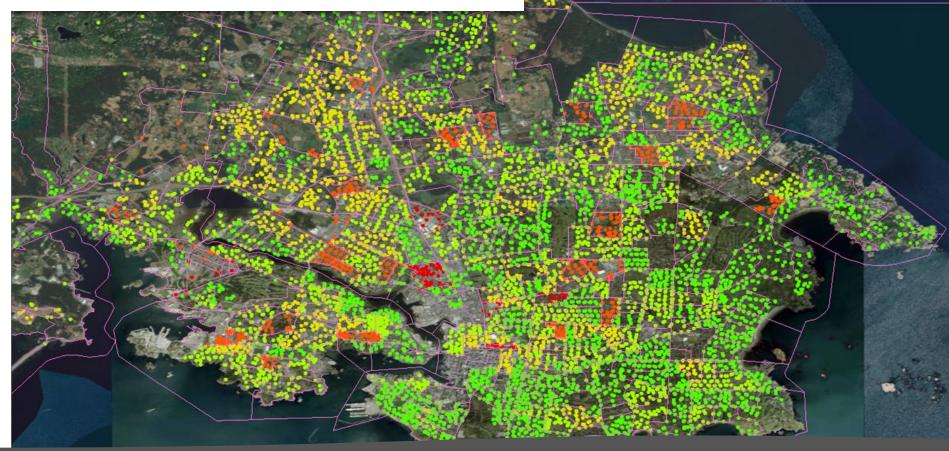
Neighbourhood factors



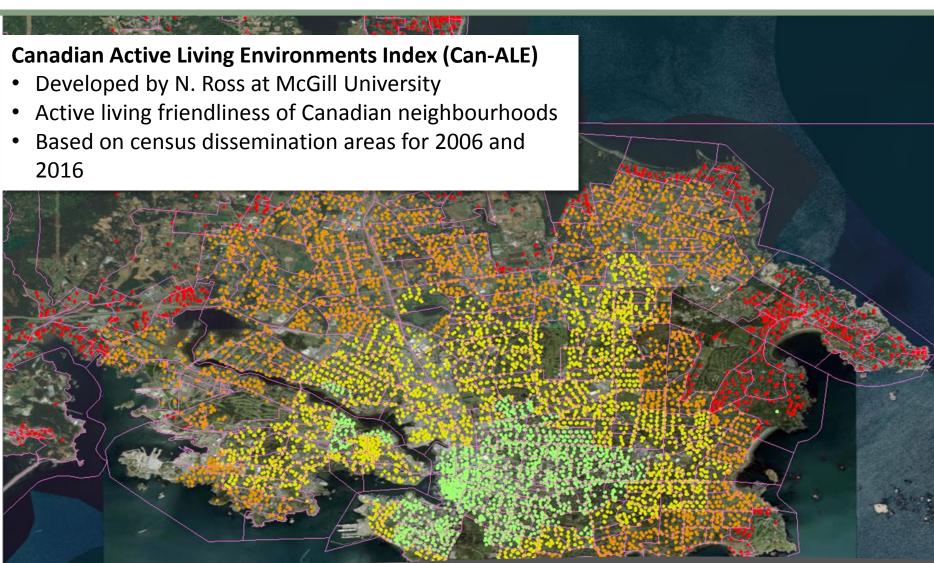


Material and Social Deprivation Index

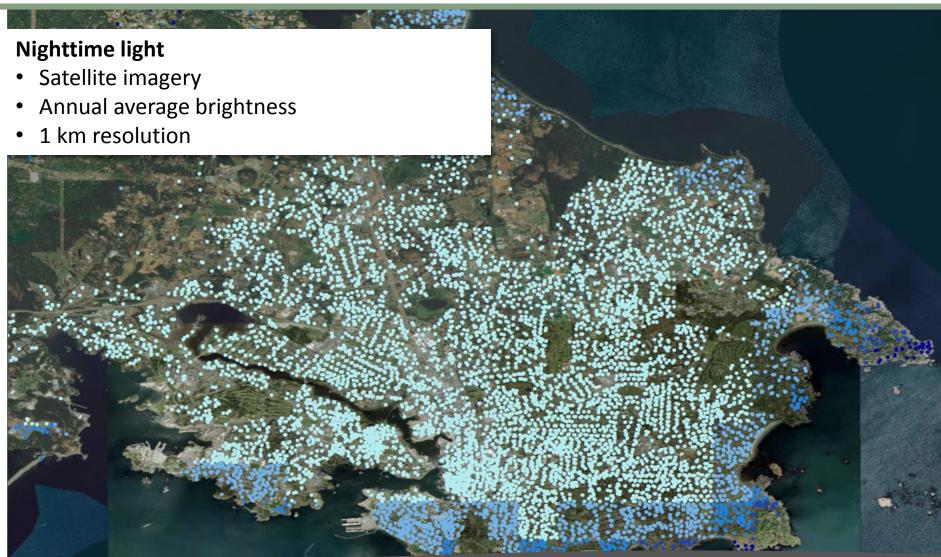
- Developed by R. Pampalon for INSPQ
- Based on census dissemination areas for 2011







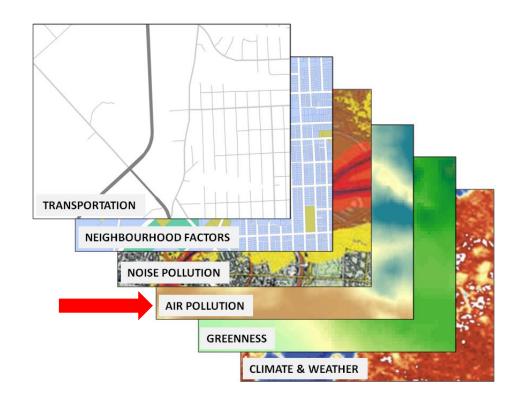




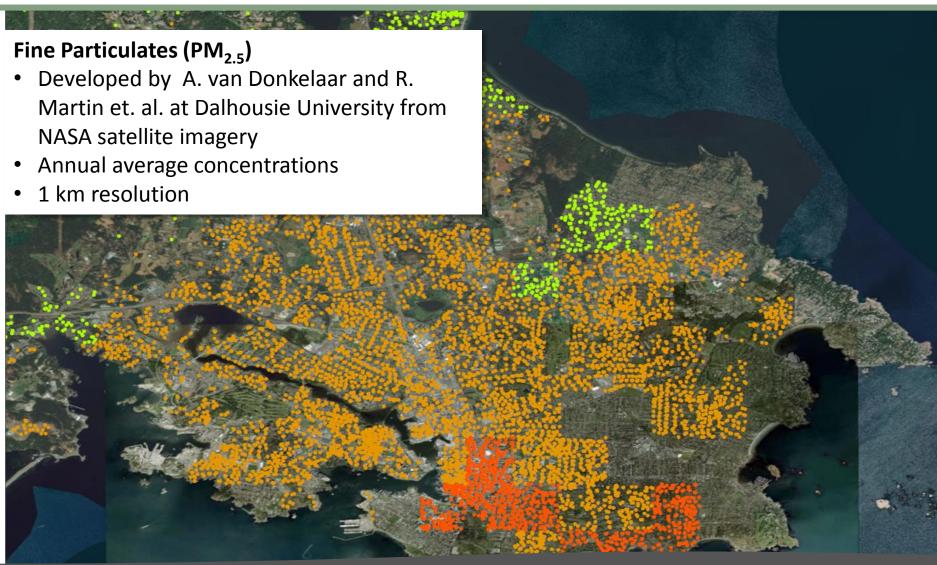




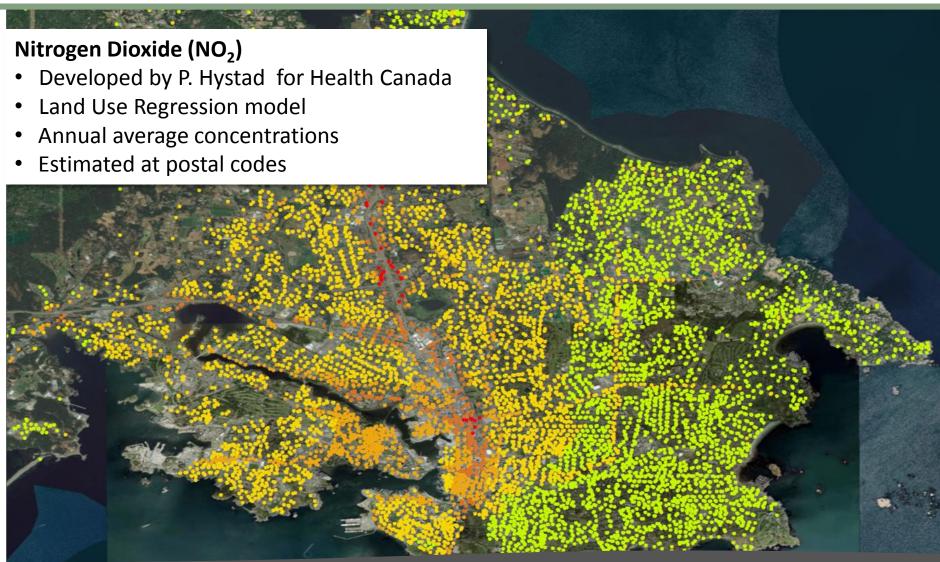
Air pollution



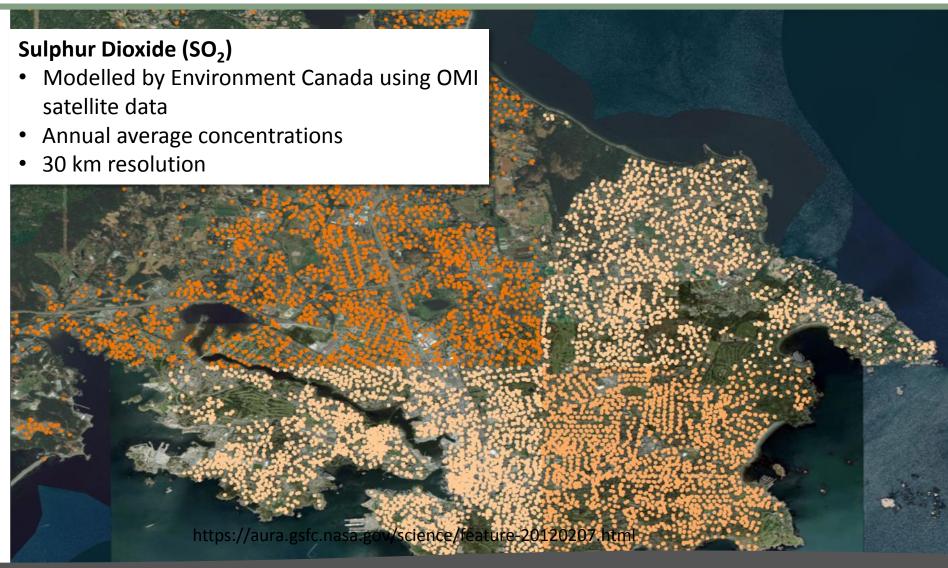












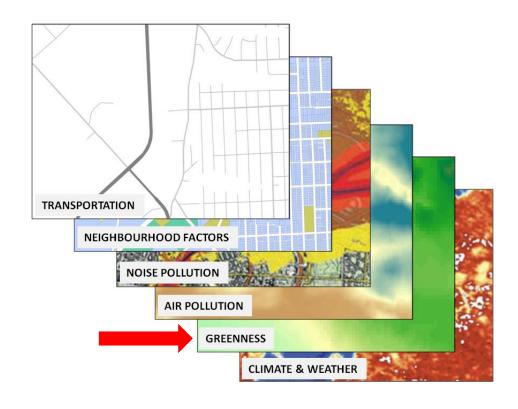








Greenness





Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)

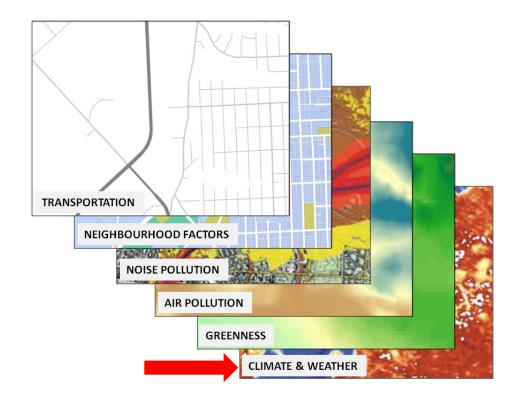
- Processed from NASA satellite data using Google Earth Engine
- Annual average, annual maximum and growing season average at each postal code, and within set distance buffers
- 30 m resolution



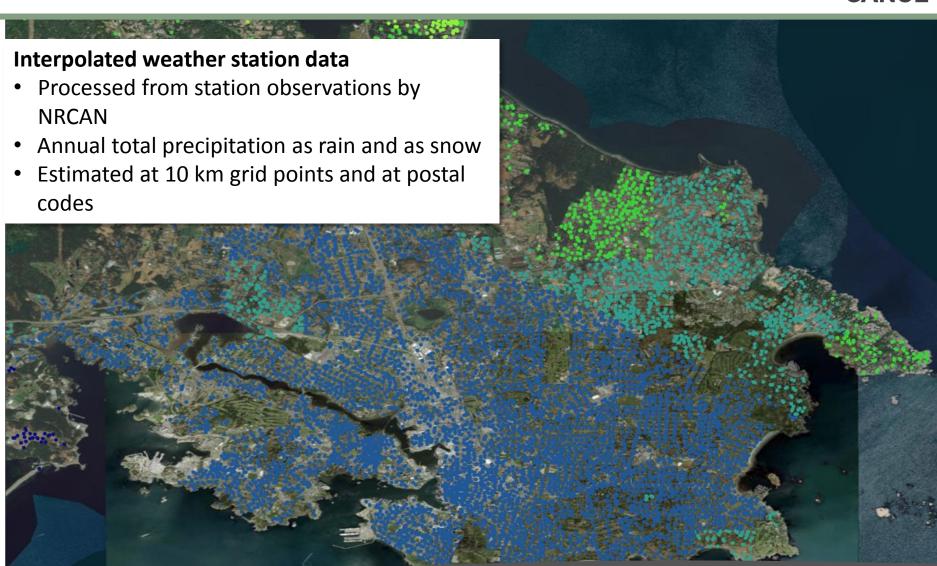




Weather and Climate









Pre-linked data: Exposure by urban/rural classification

Variable	Urban Core (n= 37 855)	Urban fringe/Rural (n = 13 483)		
"Walkability" (mean)	0.25	-1.95		
PM _{2.5} (mean)	6.69	4.44		
NO ₂ (mean)	6.92	4.73		
SO ₂ (mean)	0.28	0.24		
O ₃ (mean)	26.15	29.91		
Greenness (mean)	0.51	0.62		

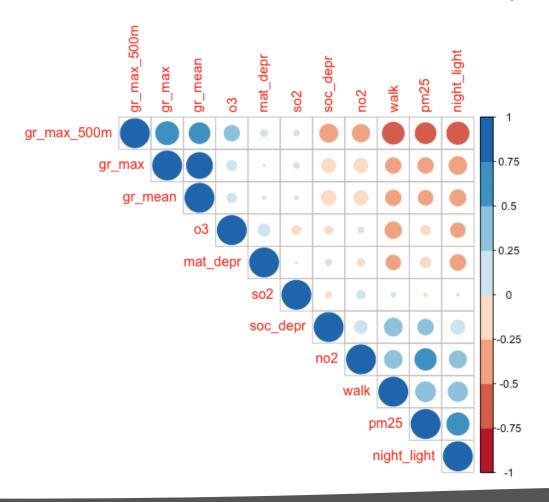


Pre-linked data: Quintile distribution of CLSA participants

	Variable	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	n
	Material deprivation	15 113 (30.8%)	11 496 (23.4%)	9 032 (18.4%)	7 483 (15.2%)	6 023 (12.3%)	49 147
	Social deprivation	8 492 (17.3%)	9 755 (19.8%)	9 791 (19.9%)	10 427 (21.2%)	10 682 (21.7%)	49 147
	"Walkability"	15 722 (30.7%)	16 780 (32.8%)	13 353 (26.1%)	3 731 (7.3%)	1 624 (3.2%)	51 210
alb.	PM _{2.5}	4 391 (8.8%)	2 531 (5.1%)	1 806 (3.6%)	7 423 (14.9%)	33 641 (67.6%)	49 792
	NO ₂	19 844 (38.8%)	9 331 (18.2%)	7 192 (14.1%)	6 929 (13.5%)	7 871 (15.4%)	51 167
	SO ₂	10 940 (23.6%)	11 569 (24.9%)	10 108 (21.8%)	8 029 (17.3%)	5 749 (12.4%)	46 395
	O ₃	25 751 (50.2%)	8 689 (17.0%)	9 629 (18.8%)	4 001 (7.8%)	3 188 (6.2%)	51 258
	Greenness (year mean)	8 645 (16.9%)	9 224 (18.0%)	10 813 (21.1%)	10 977 (21.4%)	11 536 (22.5%)	51 195



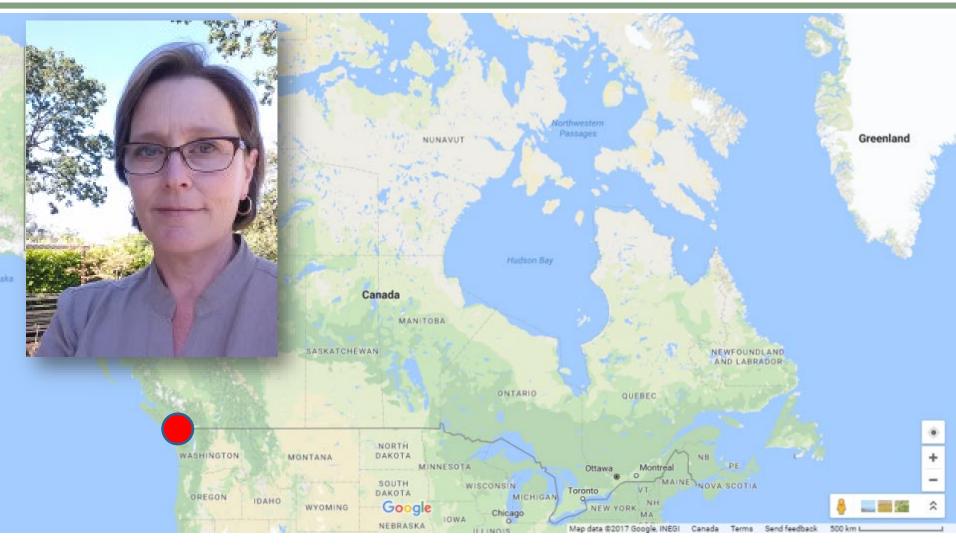
Pre-linked data: Environmental exposure correlations



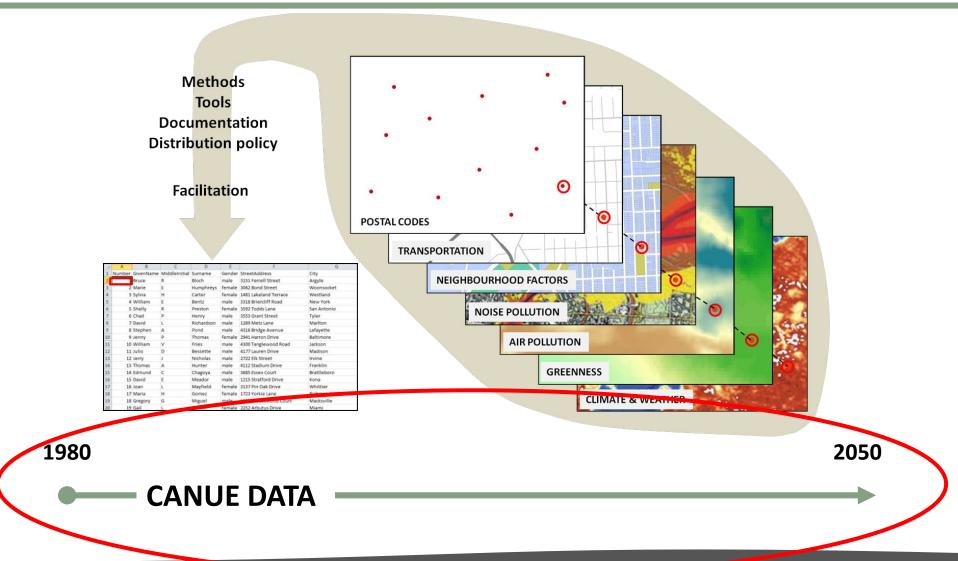
Some exposures are highly correlated – large cohorts such as CLSA can help disentangle their individual effects

- Negative correlations between greenness metrics and NO₂, walkability, PM_{2.5}, nighttime light
- Positive correlations between NO₂, PM_{2.5}, walkability and social deprivation

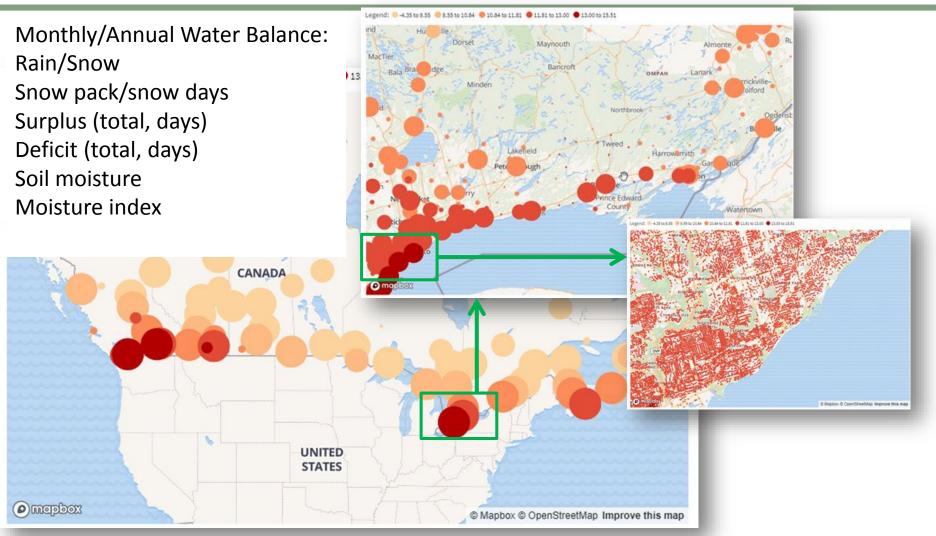




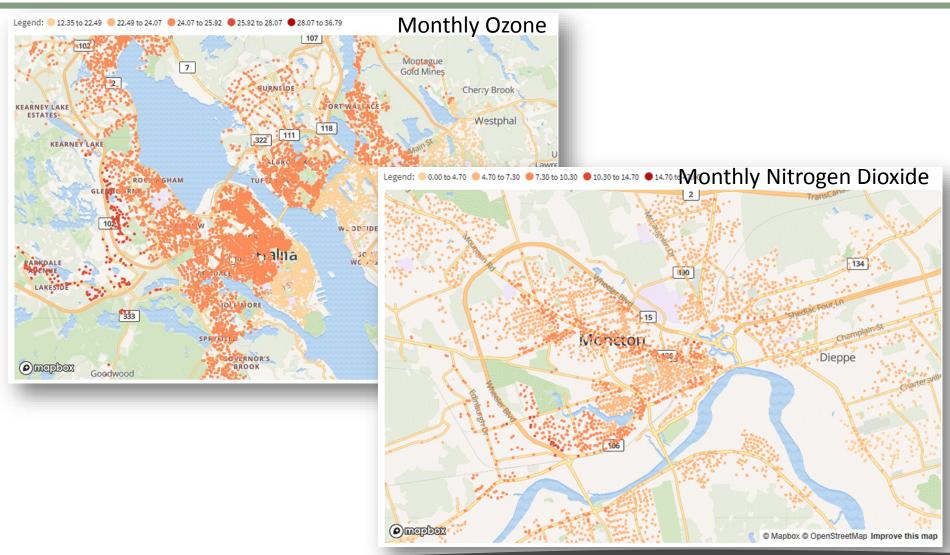




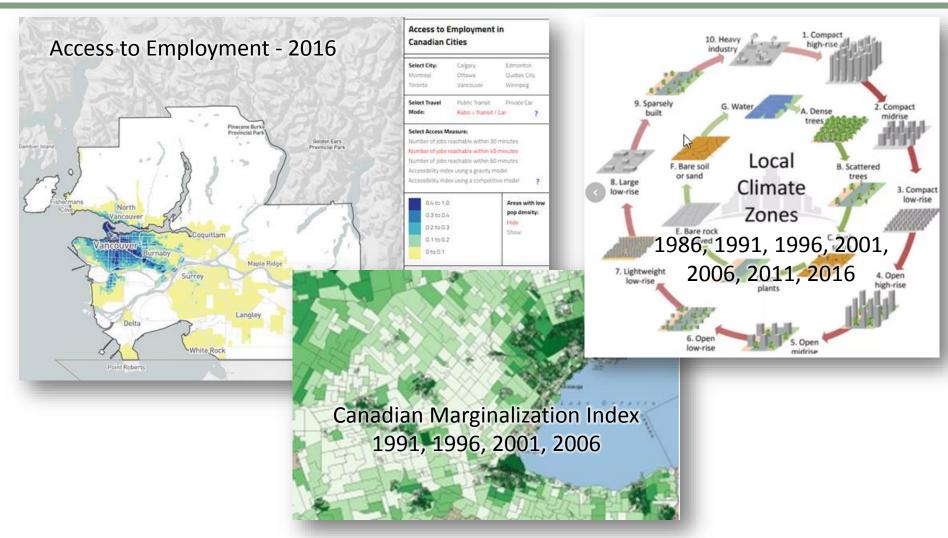




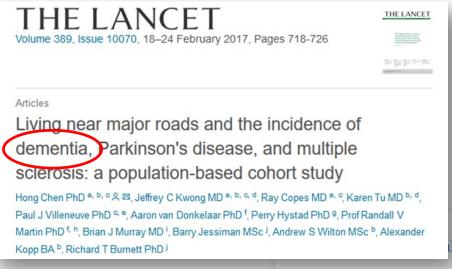












On the work plan

Proximity metrics

ll Health Perspectives



Research

Associations between Living Near Water and Risk of Mortality among Urban Canadians

Dan L. Crouse Adele Balram, Perry Hystad, Lauren Pinault, Matilda van den Bosch, Hong Chen, Daniel Rainham, Errol M. Thomson, Christopher H. Close, Aaron van Donkelaar, Randall V. Martin, Richard Ménard, Alain Robichaud, and Paul J. Villeneuve

Published: 24 July 2018 | CID: 077008 | https://doi.org/10.1289/EHP3397



On the work plan

Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health 2018, 15(8), 1719; https://doi.org/10.3390 /ijerph15081719 Open Access Article

Comparing the Normalized Difference Vegetation Index with the Google Street View Measure of Vegetation to Assess Associations between Greenness, Walkability, Recreational Physical Activity, and Health in Ottawa, Canada

Paul J. Villeneuve ^{1,*} □ ¹, Renate L. Ysseldyk ¹ □ ¹, Ariel Root ¹ □, Sarah Ambrose ¹ □, Jason DiMuzio ¹ □, Neerija Kumar ¹ □, Monica Shehata ¹ □, Min Xi ¹ □, Evan Seed ² □, Xiaojiang Li ³ □, Mahdi Shooshtari ⁴ □ and Daniel Rainham ⁵ □

- ¹ Department of Health Sciences, Carleton University, Ottawa, ON K1S 5B6, Canada
- ² Dalla Lana School of Public Health, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON M5T 3M7, Canada
- ³ Department of Urban Studies and Planning, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA
- ⁴ Department of Geography, University of Victoria, Victoria, BC V8W 2Y2, Canada
- ⁵ Healthy Populations Institute, Dalhousie University, Halifax, NS B3H 4R2, Canada













On the work plan



Environ Health Perspect. 2017 Aug; 125(8): 087025.

Published online 2017 Aug 31. doi: 10.1289/EHP1279

Research

PMCID: PMC5783665

PMID: 28934721

Association of Long-Term Exposure to Transportation Noise and Traffic-

Related Air Pollution with the Incidence of Diabetes: A Prospe Study

<u>Charlotte Clark</u>, ^{⊠1} <u>Hind Sbihi</u>, ² <u>Lillian Tamburic</u>, ² <u>Michael Brauer</u>, ² <u>Lawrence D. Frank</u>, ³ and <u>Hu</u>

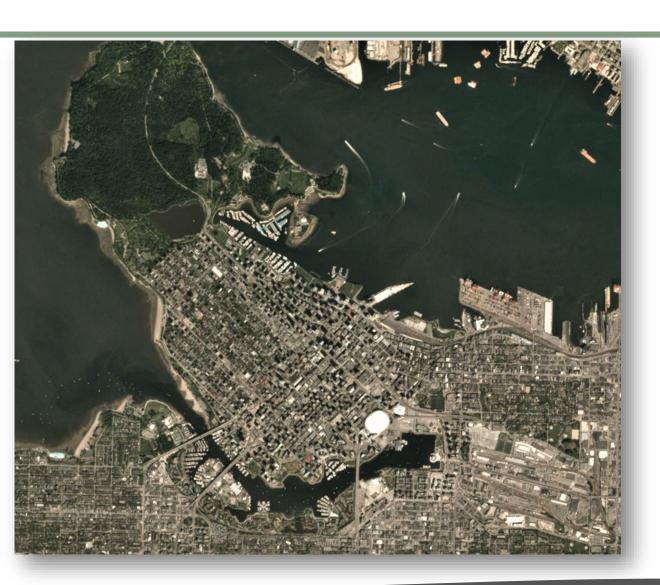
<u>Author information</u> ► <u>Article notes</u> ► <u>Copyright and License information</u> ► <u>Disclaimer</u>

National high resolution noise model



All About CANUE – September 12 | 2017





On the work plan

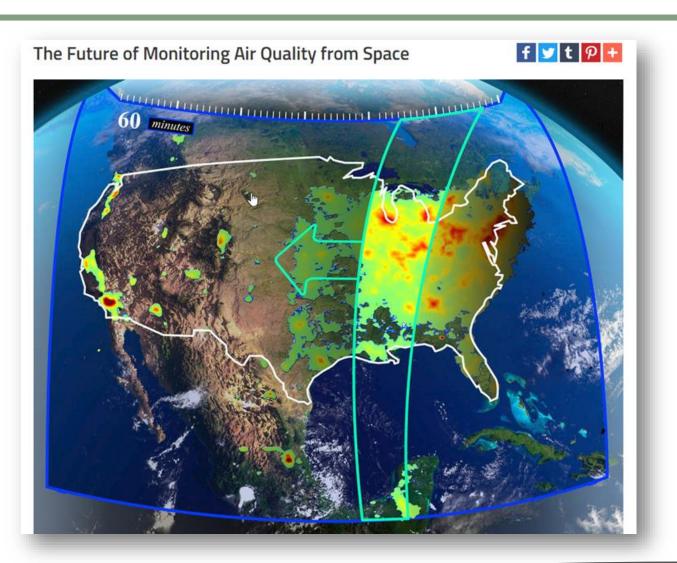
High resolution satellite data

PlanetScope (3m)

RapidEye (5m)

All About CANUE – September 12 | 2017





On the work plan

TEMPO Satellite

Hourly air quality data:

- ozone
- sulphur dioxide
- nitrogen dioxide
- aerosols

~5km resolution





CANUE making old/new data easily accessible and easy to share:

- Data sharing agreements
- Archiving
- Supports reproducibility, comparability between studies using the same metrics, and between

old and new metrics

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NOT_PRN_MED_TOTAL	1.13	0.0000	1.11	1.15		0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.00		1		PV			
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COPD NUM_ER_VISITS_31_365_DAYS	4.46	0.0023	1.99	10.02	*	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.00				V			1
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NUM_HF_HOSP_365_31_DAYS_	1.86	0.0000	1.59	2.17	*	0.95	0.7047	0.76	1.19				S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			174
COUNT NUM_HOSP_30_DAYS_COPD	16.43	0.0000	12.10	22.32		2.08	0.0028	1.39	3.11			V			100	1





climate change scientists, health policy experts, environmental epidemiologists, statisticians, and experts in database design and management.

CANUE is increasing the capacity of CLSA to advance research on how where an individual lives impacts their 'aging experience' and health



- Sleep, physical activity, sedentary behavior, built environments, mobility limitations, exercise, environmental determinants of physical activity
 - all influenced by 'place' and are part of current CLSA (and CANUE) projects
- With CANUE's established platform <u>we</u> have the opportunity to build the capacity to explore place-related questions over the long-run (nationally and internationally)
 - Regular updates of existing metrics and new metrics reflecting latest S&T
- Can we substantively advance the Exposome concept?
 - Life-course exposure leads to one's exposome which interacts with one's genome
 - How have lifetime environmental conditions influenced susceptibility?
- Can we learn quickly and influence how our urban, suburban and rural areas evolve?
 - Solution-oriented research
 - Do changes in environment lead to changes in outcomes?
 - Past interventions (e.g., improved transportation; access and coverage)
 - Optimize urban and transportation planning for healthy aging
- Addressing and preparing for climate change

UPCOMING CLSA WEBINARS



"Moving more to breathe better: Associations between physical activity, sitting time, and lung function in the CLSA"

Dr. Shilpa Dogra

November 22, 2018 | 12 p.m. EST

Register: bit.ly/clsawebinars





